

The Art of Execution Control for Ruby's Debugger

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About this talk

- Introduce “debug.gem” <https://github.com/ruby/debug>
 - Newly created debugger for Ruby 2.6 and later
 - Will be bundled with Ruby 3.1 (Dec/2021)
- Demonstrate “debug.gem”
 - Basic usage instructions
 - Advanced features
- Show “How to make a debugger” on Ruby
 - Introduction of recent features of `TracePoint`
 - Some techniques for a debugger

About Koichi Sasada

- Ruby interpreter developer employed by Cookpad Inc. (2017-) with @mame
 - YARV (Ruby 1.9-)
 - Generational/Incremental GC (Ruby 2.1-)
 - Ractor (Ruby 3.0-)
 - ...
- Ruby Association Director (2012-)
 - [2021 Call for Grant Proposals](#)



What is a debugger?

- A tool to help debugging
 - To investigate the cause of problems
 - To know the program live state
 - To understand the program
- Basic features
 - CONTROL execution
 - STOP at breakpoints
 - STEP forward to the next line
 - ...
 - QUERY program status



Ruby's existing debuggers

- `lib/debug.rb`
 - `ruby -r debug script.rb`
 - Standard library, but maybe nobody uses it
- `byebug`
 - `byebug script.rb`
- `debase / ruby-debug-ide`
 - Used by IDE (rubymine, vscode, ...)

Why create yet another debugger?

- Performance
 - Existing debuggers slow with breakpoints
 - Recent TracePoint API support line-specific
- Native support for remote execution and IDE
- Native support for Ractors
- (and I like to make this kind of tools)

How to use a debugger?

- Set breakpoints.
- Run a program with a debugger.
- At the breakpoint, enter the debugger console.
- Use debug commands.
 - Control execution
 - Move to next line.
 - Continue the execution and stop at the next breakpoint.
 - Set another breakpoint (e.g. stop when Exception is raised).
 - Query the program status (e.g. see the local variables of another frame).
 - Change the configuration (e.g. change coloring option).

Introduction of “debug.gem”

Demo: Basic usage



A terminal window with a black background and white text. The window title bar at the top reads "~ /src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011" and includes standard window control icons (minimize, maximize, close). The terminal content shows a green prompt "ko1@WSL2" followed by the path "~ /src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011" and a white prompt "[master]\$". A green cursor is positioned after the dollar sign.

```
~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
[master]$ █
```

Demo: VSCode integration

- Implement DAP (Debug Adapter Protocol) to communicate IDEs (VSCode, ...)

VARIABLES

WATCH

CALL STACK

BREAKPOINTS

- rescue any exception
- rescue RuntimeError

```

mnt > c > ko1 > src > rb > ruby-debug > rk2011 > basic.rb
1 def foo a, b
2   x = a + b
3   return x ** 10
4 end
5
6 a = ['string', [:nested_array, {key: :value}]]
7 i = 10
8 j = 20
9
10 r = foo(i, j)
11
12 p r
13

```

DEBUG CONSOLE

Filter (e.g. text, !exclude)

```

✓ ["string", [:nested_array, {:key=>:value...
  > 0: "string"
  ✓ 1: [:nested_array, {:key=>:value}]
    > 0: :nested_array
    ✓ 1: {:key=>:value}
      > #class: Hash
      ✓ :key: :value
        > #class: Symbol

```

Start debugging with debug.gem

- Use “rdbg” command
 - like traditional debuggers such as GDB/LLDB
 - `rdbg script.rb`
 - `rdbg -c rake test`
 - `rdbg --open ... # open remote debugging port`
- Require “debug*” files
 - like old lib/debug.rb
 - `require “debug” == “rdbg --nonstop --no-sigint-hook”`
 - `require “debug/start” == “rdbg”`
 - `require “debug/open” == “rdbg --open”`
- Push IDE’s button

Set a breakpoint

- Use “break” command at the beginning
 - `break 10 # break at 10 line on current file`
 - `break foo.rb:10 # break at the location`
 - `break MyClass#my_method # break at the method`
 - `break ... if foo == bar # break if foo == bar`
 - `catch FooException # break at FooException is raised`
- Use “binding.break” method in your program
 - You can insert it like “binding.irb”
 - “binding.b” for short
 - You can write debug command in your program with
`binding.b do: “debug_command”`

Set a breakpoint (cont.)

- Use “break” command at the beginning
 - Do not need to modify the source code
 - Cooperation with IDE/Editor (e.g. set BP with F9 on VSCode)
- Use “`binding.break`” method in your program
 - Straight forward for some Ruby users
 - Control debugger from debuggee

Demo: Combination with program and debugger binding.break is a breakpoint like binding.irb

```
# enable "trace line" feature while bar()  
def foo  
  binding.break do: 'trace line'  
  bar()  
  binding.break do: 'trace off line'  
end
```

Advanced features

- Remote debugging
- Postmortem debugging
- Event tracing
- Record and replay debugging

Demo: Remote debugging

Connect over network

- Easy to open remote debug port and attach
 - `rdbg --open script.rb`
 - `rdbg -O script.rb`
 - require 'debug/open' # in script
 - `rdbg --attach`
 - `rdbg -A`
- Debug daemon like process
- Query the process status like `sigdump` but more details

```
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
[master]$
```

```
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
[master]$
```

Demo: Postmortem debugging

Debug dead Ruby process

A terminal window with a black background and white text. The window title bar at the top shows a file icon, the path ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011, and standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close). The terminal content shows a green prompt 'ko1@WSL2' followed by the path '~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011' in yellow. Below that is a white prompt '[master]\$' followed by a white cursor block.

```
~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
[master]$
```

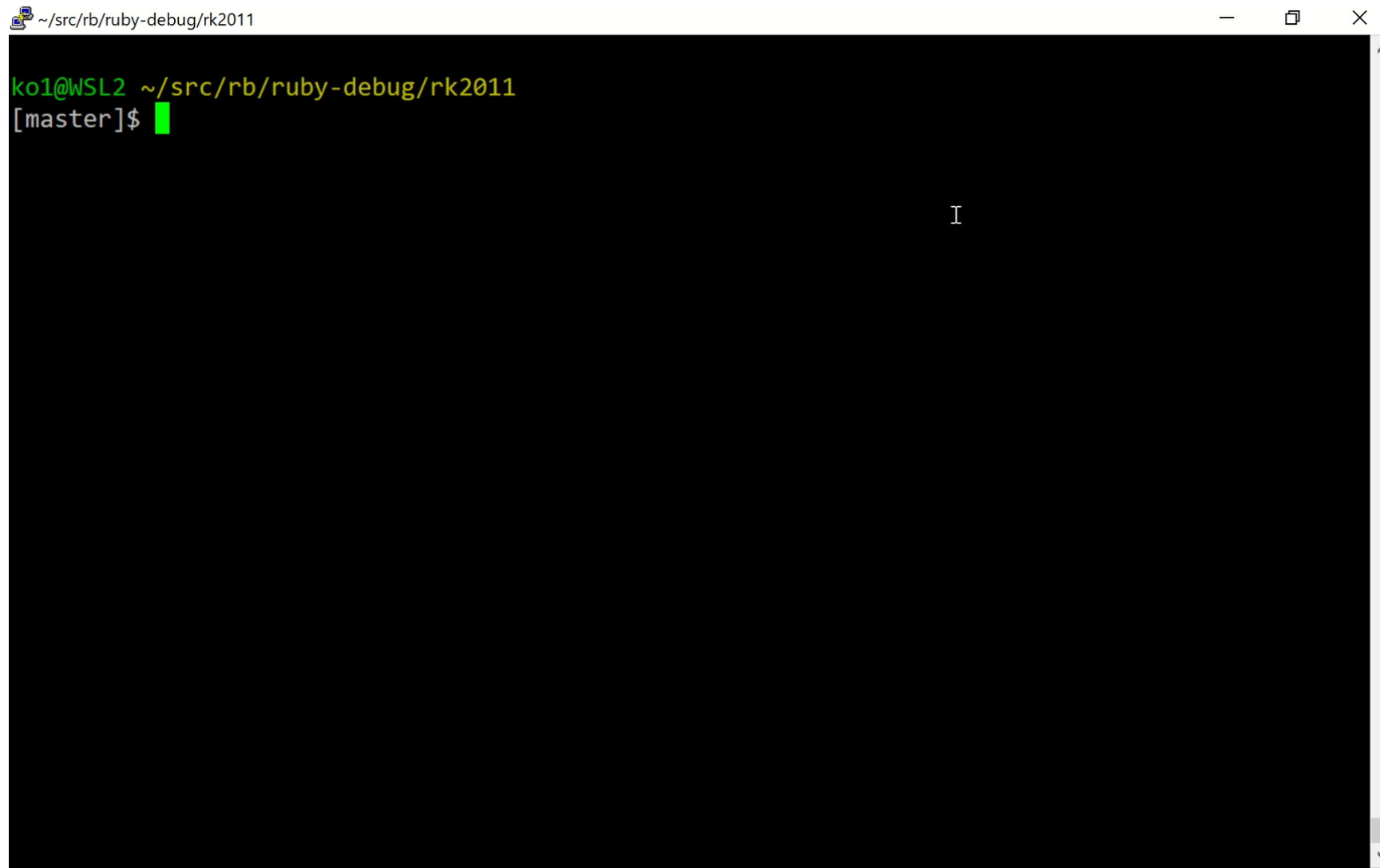
Demo: Event tracing

Show interesting events

```
~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011
[master]$ cat app.rb
require 'sinatra'
require 'erb'
get '/' do
  'top page'
end

get '/hello/:user' do |user|
  str = ERB.new("<p>Hello <%= user %></p>").result(binding)
  binding.b do: 'trace object str'
  str
end
```

Demo: Record and replay debugging Backward stepping execution

A screenshot of a terminal window with a black background. The window title bar at the top shows a file icon, the path ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011, and standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close). The terminal content shows a green prompt 'ko1@WSL2' followed by the path '~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011' and a green prompt '[master]\$' with a green cursor. A white cursor 'I' is visible in the center of the terminal area. A vertical scrollbar is on the right side of the terminal window.

```
~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011  
[master]$ █  
  
I
```

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help record.rb - rk2011 [WSL: Ubuntu-20.04] - Visual Studio Code

RUN AND DEBUG Debug current file

VARIABLES

WATCH

CALL STACK

BREAKPOINTS

- rescue any exception
- rescue RuntimeError

app.rb record.rb basic.rb

```
mnt > c > ko1 > src > rb > ruby-debug > rk2011 > record.rb
1 binding.b do: 'record on'
2
3 def foo a, b
4   x = a + b
5   return x ** 10
6 end
7
8 i = 10
9 j = 20
10
11 r = foo(i, j)
12
13 p r
14
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL 2: rdbg

```
DEBUGGER: Debugger can attach via UNIX domain socket (/home/ko1/.ruby-d
ebug-sock/ruby-debug-ko1-8325)
DEBUGGER: wait for debugger connection...
DEBUGGER: Connected.
5904900000000000
DEBUGGER: Disconnected.

ko1@WSL2 ~/src/rb/ruby-debug/rk2011
[master]$
```

WSL: Ubuntu-20.04 master* 0 0 Debug current file with rdbg (rk2011) Ln 3, Col 13 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF Ruby

Performance

```
def fib n
  if n < 0
    raise # breakpoint here!!
  elsif n<2
    n
  else
    fib(n-1)+fib(n-2)
  end
end
```

```
require 'benchmark'
Benchmark.bm{ |x|
  x.report{ fib(35) }
}
```

	Without breakpoint	With breakpoint
ruby	0.93	N/A
rdbg (debug.gem)	0.92	0.92
byebug	1.23	75.15
RubyMine	0.97	22.66
old lib/debug.rb	221.88	285.99

Execution time (sec)

ruby 3.0.1p64
rdbg 1.0.0.rc2
byebug 11.1.3
RubyMine 2021.2.1 w/ debase 0.2.5.beta2

Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-10810U CPU, Windows 10, WSL2

How to make a debugger on Ruby?

Key feature: TracePoint

- “TracePoint” hooks many events in Ruby
 - Replacement of “set_trace_func” from Ruby 1.9
 - “line”, “call”, “return”, ...
- Set TracePoint at the specific location (from Ruby 2.6)
 - “enable(target: ..., target_line: ...)”
 - “target” is specified by a Method/Proc/ISeq (bytecode)

```
def foo a
  b = a + 1 # line 2
  b          # line 3
end
TracePoint.new(:line){|tp| p tp
}.enable(target: method(:foo), target_line: 3){
  foo 10
} #=> #<TracePoint:line t.rb:3 in `foo'>
```

You can implement a line breakpoint ...?

- Debug command: **break file:line**
 - Set a breakpoint at file:line
- Question: How to collect the code for “target:”?
- Answer: Use ObjectSpace to collect all ISeqs (bytecode)

How to implement step execution?

- Use “TracePoint” without “#enable(target:...)”
 - “#enable” method **without** “target:” keyword will hook at any hook points
 - Set “:line” event and trap the execution

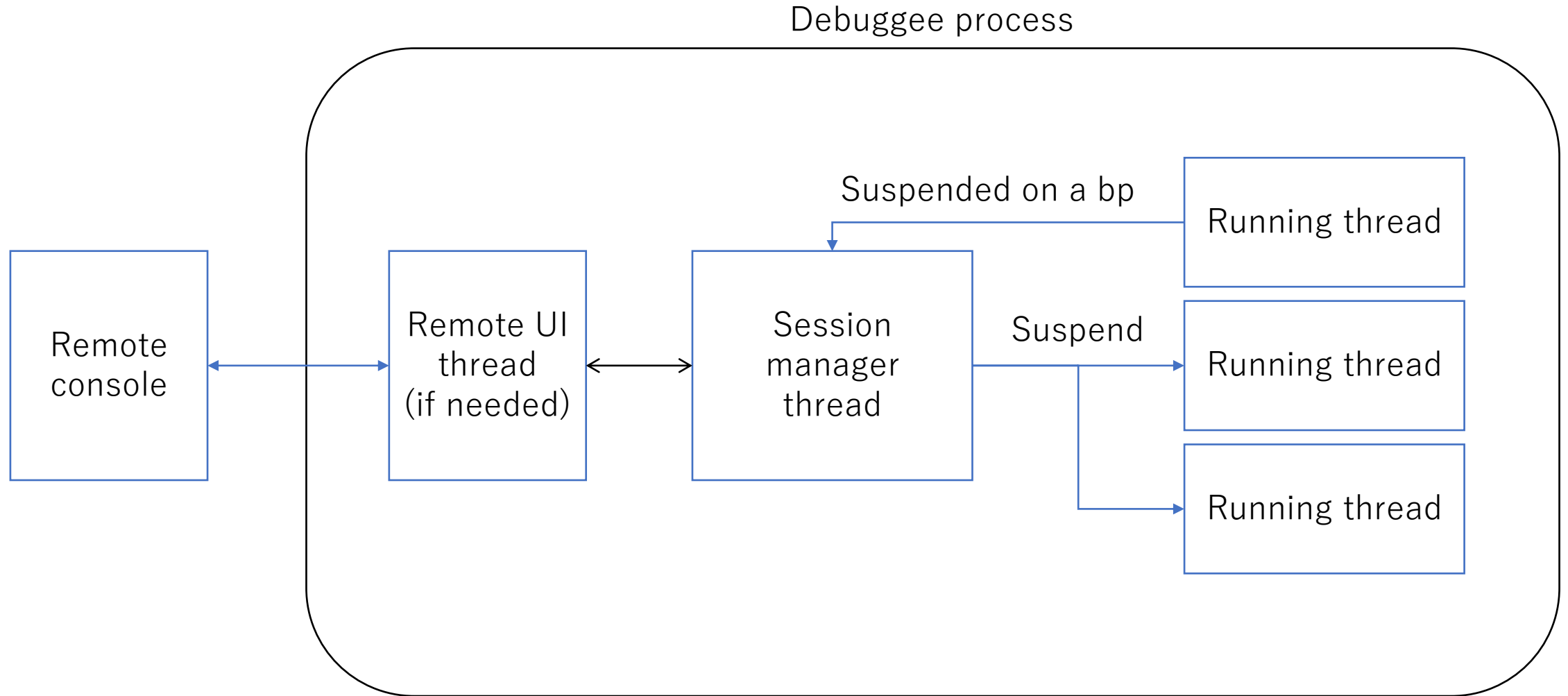
How to implement capturing frames information?

- Use internal API “rb_debug_inspector_*”
 - You can use it from Ruby with “debug_inspector.gem”.
 - With C-extension we can control the capturing target.

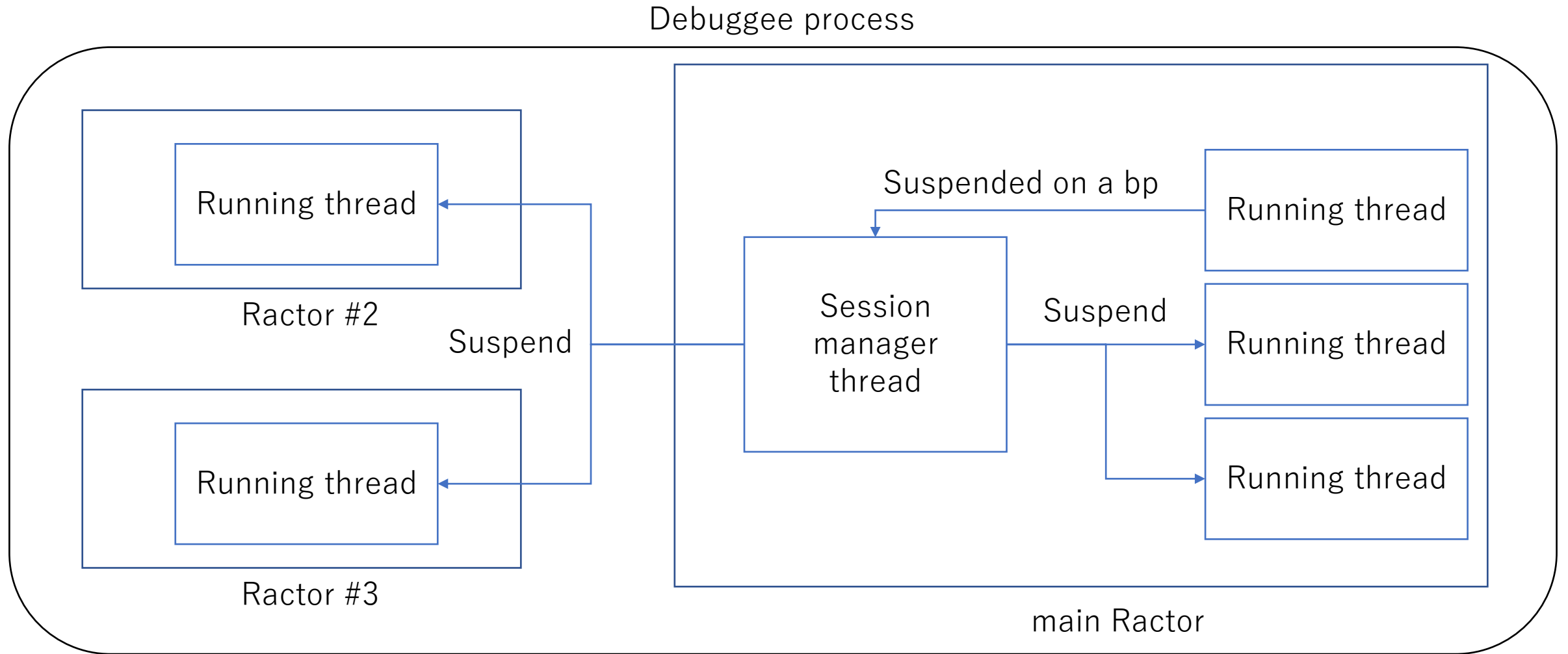
How to support Threads/Ractors?

- We can't share the objects between Ractors
 - Existing debugger can't support Ractors.
- Ractor programming is hard
 - Debugger can be important for ractor debugging

Session management thread and communication



Session management thread and communication



Acknowledgements

- Naoto Ono san (@ono-max) implements test-frameworks for the debugger. It is part of his GSoC project.
- Stan Lo san (@st0012) submits tremendous patches to improve the debugger usability such as coloring and so on based on his debugger trials. Also, he makes many tests for the debugger.
- Ruby committers helps me to design and implement the debugger

Conclusion

- “debug.gem” is newly created Ruby debugger from scratch
 - Useful features on modern UI.
 - No performance penalties.
- “gem install debug” now!
 - And give us your feedback.
 - I love to introduce the debugger on your meetup, please contact me.
- Ruby already has useful features like “TracePoint” for the debugger.
- Ractor supports is not available, now working on.